

## Advanced Structural Concrete

### Information Sheet: Force Method

(101-0127-00L)

The force method is used to determine the reaction forces and internal actions of statically indeterminate systems. The method consists in (i) releasing constraints until the system is statically determinate (basic system (BS)) and (ii) introducing redundant variables (RV) corresponding to each released constraint.

The RV are subsequently determined by formulating compatibility conditions in the BS: The deformations due to the actions and all RV must vanish at each released constraint.

**Compatibility conditions** for an  $n$ -times statically indeterminate system ( $X_j$  and  $\delta_i$  are the RV and the deformations corresponding to the released constraint  $i$ , respectively):

$$\delta_i = \delta_{i0} + \sum_{j=1}^n X_j \cdot \delta_{ij} = 0 \quad \text{for } i = 1..n,$$

$$\delta_{i0} = \int \frac{M_i M_0}{EI} dx + \int \frac{N_i N_0}{EA} dx + .. \quad \text{and} \quad \delta_{ij} = \int \frac{M_i M_j}{EI} dx + \int \frac{N_i N_j}{EA} dx + ..$$

with  $\delta_{i0}$  = deformation at  $i$  due to the external actions and  $\delta_{ij}$  = deformation at  $i$  due to RV  $X_j = 1$ .

#### Procedure:

1. Determine the degree  $n$  of statical indeterminacy
2. Select a stable, statically determinate basic system (BS) by releasing  $n$  constraints and introducing  $n$  redundant variables (RV)  $X_i$  ( $i = 1..n$ ) at the locations of the released constraints.
3. Determine the deformations  $\delta_{i0}$  at the position and in the direction of  $X_i$  due to the external actions.
4. Determine the deformations  $\delta_{ij}$  at the position and in the direction of  $X_i$  due to RV  $X_j = 1$ .
5. Set up and solve the compatibility conditions:

$$\delta_i = \delta_{i0} + \sum_{j=1}^n X_j \cdot \delta_{ij} = 0 \rightarrow X_j = -\delta_{ij}^{-1} \delta_{i0}$$

6. Determine the reaction forces, internal forces and deformations of the original statically indeterminate system with superposition

( $R_0, S_0, w_0$  from BS due to external actions and  $R_j, S_j, w_j$  from BS due to  $X_j = 1$ )

For reaction forces:  $R = R_0 + \sum_{j=1}^n R_j \cdot X_j$

For internal actions:  $S = S_0 + \sum_{j=1}^n S_j \cdot X_j$

For the deformations:  $w = w_0 + \sum_{j=1}^n w_j \cdot X_j$

See Figure 1 for an example of the procedure.

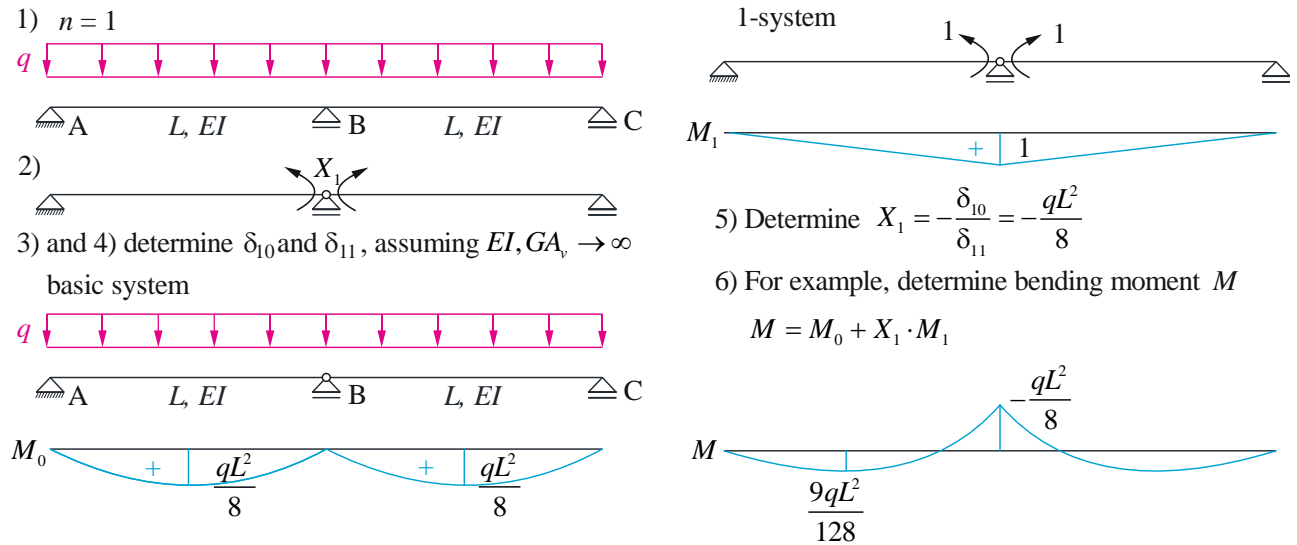


Figure 1: Example of using the force method to determine the bending moment distribution of a two-span beam with a distributed load  $q$ .