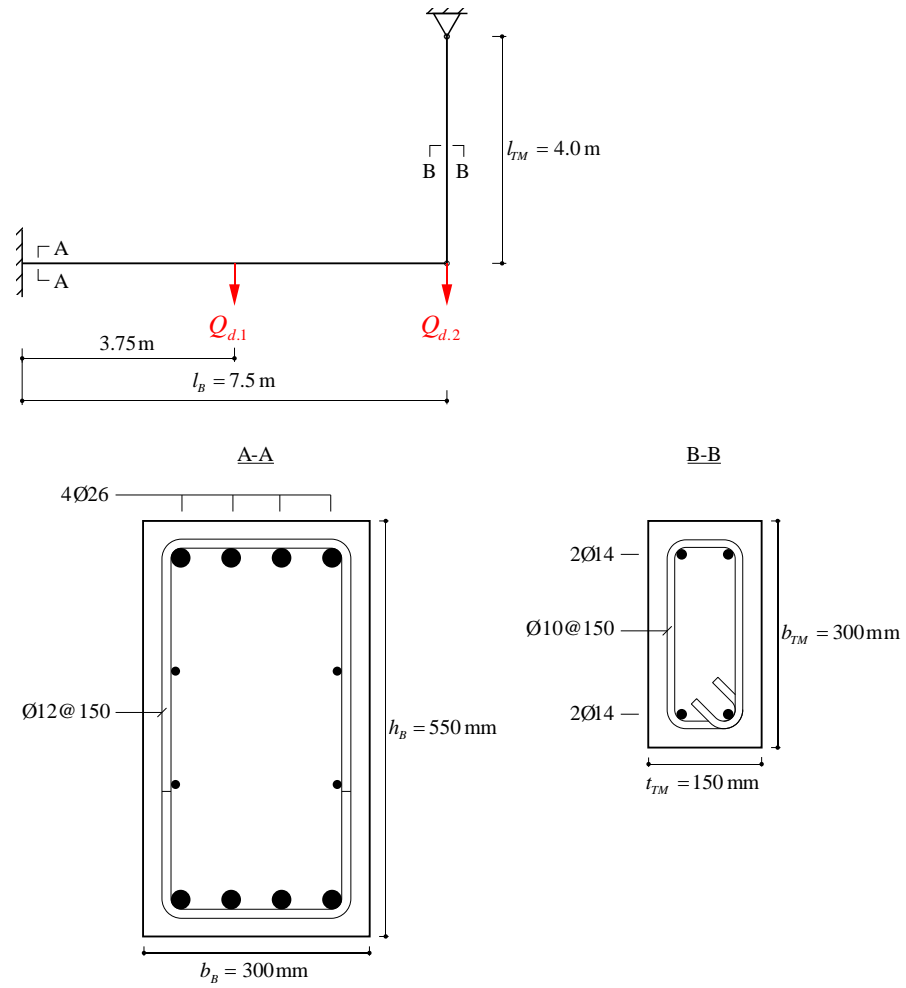


**Deformation capacity and demand**

Geometry



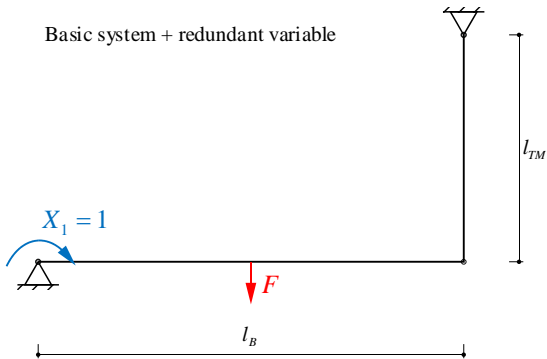
Material Properties

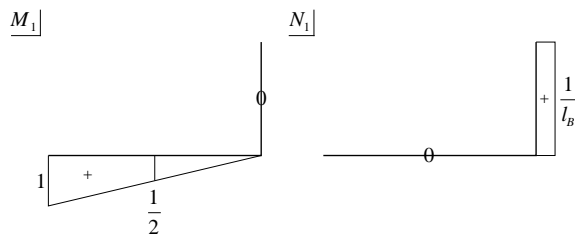
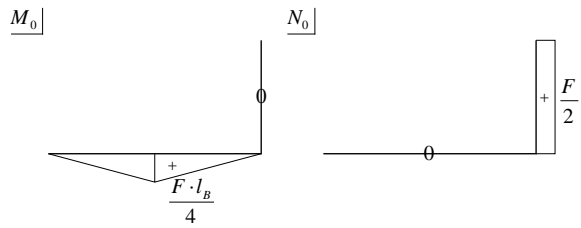
Concrete	C25/30	$f_{cd} = 16.5 \text{ MPa}; f_{cm} = 33 \text{ MPa}$ $\epsilon_{cud} = 0.3\%$ $E_{cm} = k_e \sqrt[3]{f_{cm}} \approx 30.1 \text{ GPa}$ $f_{ctm} = 2.6 \text{ MPa}$	Table 8 and 3  3.1.2.3.3 Table 3
Steel	B500B	$f_s = 500 \text{ MPa}; f_{sd} = 435 \text{ MPa}; f_t = 540 \text{ MPa}$ $\epsilon_{ud} = 4.5\%$ $E_s = 205 \text{ GPa}; E_{sh} = \frac{f_t - f_s}{\epsilon_{ud} - \frac{f_s}{E_s}} = 0.94 \text{ GPa}$ $\tau_{b0} = 2 \cdot f_{ctm}; \tau_{b1} = f_{ctm}$ $c_{nom} = 25 \text{ mm}$	Table 5 and 9 4.2.2.6

Load

Load scenario 1:  $Q_{d,1} = 300 \text{ kN}, Q_{d,2} = 0 \text{ kN}$   
 Load scenario 2:  $Q_{d,1} = 0 \text{ kN}, Q_{d,2} = 300 \text{ kN}$

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<p><u>Resistance</u></p> <p>Beam:</p> $d = h_B - c_{nom} - \varnothing_w - \frac{\varnothing}{2} = 500 \text{ mm}$ $M_{Rd} = A_{s,B} \cdot f_{sd} \left( d - \frac{A_{s,B} \cdot f_{sd}}{2 \cdot b_B \cdot f_{cd}} \right) = 375.7 \text{ kNm}$ $x = \frac{A_{s,B} \cdot f_{sd}}{0.85 \cdot b_B \cdot f_{cd}} = 219.6 \text{ mm}$ $\frac{x}{d} = 0.44 > 0.35 \rightarrow \text{verification of deformation capacity required!}$ $z = d - \frac{0.85 \cdot x}{2} = 406.7 \text{ mm}$ <p>Tension member:</p> $N_{Rd} = A_{s,TM} \cdot f_{sd} = 267.9 \text{ kN}$ <p><u>Stiffness</u></p> <p>Beam:</p> $\rho_B = \frac{A_{s,B}}{b_B \cdot d} = 1.42\%$ $n = \frac{E_s}{E_{cm}} = 6.81$ $x'' = d \cdot \left( \sqrt{(\rho_B \cdot n)^2 + 2 \cdot \rho_B \cdot n} - \rho_B \cdot n \right) = 176.6 \text{ mm}$ $EI'' = A_{s,B} \cdot E_s \cdot \left( d - x'' \right) \cdot \left( d - \frac{x''}{3} \right) = 62.1 \text{ MNm}^2$ <p>Tension member:</p> $EA'' = E_s \cdot A_{s,TM} = 126.2 \text{ MN}$ <p>a) <u>Verification of structure for load scenario 1</u></p> <p>Elastic internal forces using the force method:</p> 		$\varnothing_w = 12 \text{ mm}$ $\varnothing = 26 \text{ mm}$ $A_{s,B} = 2124 \text{ mm}^2$  SIA 262 4.1.4.2.6  $A_{s,TM} = 616 \text{ mm}^2$



$$\delta_{10} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{Fl_B}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{l_B}{2EI''} + \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{Fl_B}{4} \cdot \left(2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 1\right) \cdot \frac{l_B}{2EI''} + 1 \cdot \frac{F}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{l_B} \cdot \frac{l_{TM}}{EA''}$$

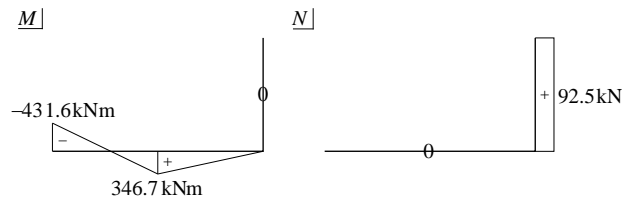
$$\frac{3Fl_B^2}{48EI''} = \frac{Fl_B^2}{16EI''}$$

$$\delta_{11} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot \frac{l_B}{EI''} + 1 \cdot \frac{1}{l_B} \cdot \frac{1}{l_B} \cdot \frac{l_{TM}}{EA''}$$

$$\delta_{10} + X_1 \cdot \delta_{11} = 0 \rightarrow X_1 = -\frac{\delta_{10}}{\delta_{11}} = -\frac{\frac{Fl_{TM}}{2l_B EA''} + \frac{Fl_B^2}{16EI''}}{\frac{l_B}{3EI''} + \frac{l_{TM}}{l_B^2 EA''}}$$

$$M = M_0 + X_1 (F = Q_{d.1}) \cdot M_1$$

$$N = N_0 + X_1 (F = Q_{d.1}) \cdot N_1$$



$$|M_{B.clamp} = -431.6 \text{ kNm}| > M_{Rd}$$

$$M_{B.field} = 346.7 \text{ kNm} < M_{Rd}$$

$$N_{TM} = 92.5 \text{ kN} < N_{Rd}$$

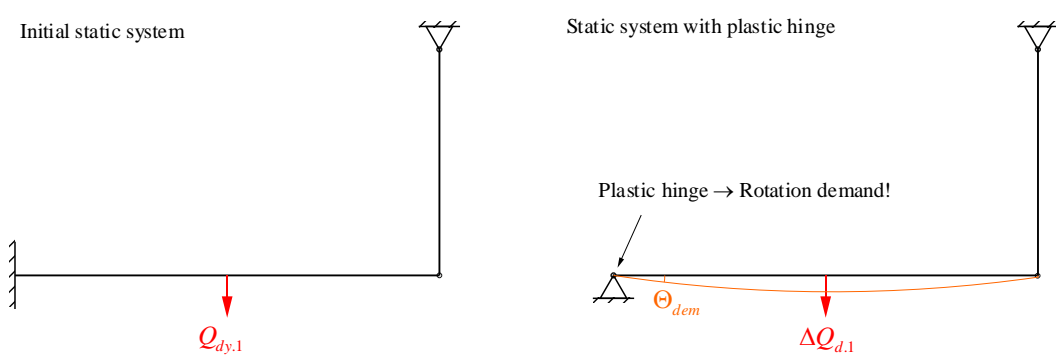
The clamping moment exceeds the moment resistance. Reaching the moment resistance, a plastic hinge at the clamp is formed and the static system of the beam changes to a simply supported beam, which has further load bearing capacity ( $M_{B.field} < M_{Rd}$ ). The rotation capacity of the plastic hinge has to be compared with its deformation demand resulting from the system change.

$$Q_{dy.1} = Q_{d.1} \cdot \frac{M_{Rd}}{M_{B.clamp}} = 261.2 \text{ kN}$$

$$\Delta Q_{d.1} = Q_{d.1} - Q_{dy.1} = 38.8 \text{ kN}$$

$Q_{dy.1}$  corresponds to the load at which a plastic hinge forms at the fixed end of the beam.

$\Delta Q_{d.1}$  corresponds to the load that has to be carried by the simply supported beam.



Internal forces after redistribution:

$$M_{B.clamp.red} = M_{Rd} = 375.7 \text{ kNm} \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

$$M_{B.field.red} = \frac{Q_{dy.1} \cdot l_B}{4} + \frac{X_1(F = Q_{dy.1})}{2} + \frac{\Delta Q_{d.1} \cdot l_B}{4} = 374.6 \text{ kNm} < M_{Rd} \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

$$N_{TM.red} = \frac{Q_{dy.1}}{2} + \frac{X_1(F = Q_{dy.1})}{l_B} + \frac{\Delta Q_{d.1}}{2} = 99.9 \text{ kN} < N_{Rd} \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

$$A_{clamp} = V_{B.max} = Q_{d.1} - N_{TM.red} = 200.1 \text{ kN}$$

Verification shear force:

$$\alpha = 30^\circ$$

$$V_{Rd,s} = a_{sw} \cdot f_{sd} \cdot z \cdot \cot(\alpha) = 461.5 \text{ kN} > V_{B.max} \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

$$a_{sw} = 2 \cdot 753 \frac{\text{mm}^2}{\text{m}}$$

$$V_{Rd,c} = b_B \cdot f_{cd} \cdot z \cdot k_c \cdot \sin(\alpha) \cdot \cos(\alpha) = 479.4 \text{ kN} > V_{B.max} \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

$$k_c = 0.55$$

SIA 262  
4.3.3.4.3  
4.3.3.4.5

Rotation demand:

$$\Theta_{dem} = \delta_{10}(F = \Delta Q_{d.1}) = \frac{\Delta Q_{d.1} \cdot l_{TM}}{2 \cdot l_B \cdot EA''} + \frac{\Delta Q_{d.1} \cdot l_B^2}{16EI''} = 2.28 \text{ mrad}$$

Work theorem

Rotation capacity:

$$\zeta = 275 \text{ mm}$$

$$I_y = \frac{h_b^3 \cdot b_B}{12} + 2 \cdot A_{s.B} \cdot (n-1) \cdot \left( \zeta - \left( c_{nom} + \emptyset_w + \frac{\emptyset}{2} \right) \right)^2 = 0.005 \text{ m}^4$$

$$M_r = \frac{f_{cm} \cdot I_y}{\zeta} = 51.1 \text{ kNm}$$

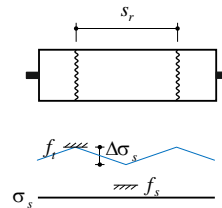
$$\rho_{eff} = \frac{1}{\frac{M_r \cdot (d - x_{II}) \cdot E_s}{f_{cm} \cdot EI''} + 1 - n} = 6.6\%$$

Centroid

$$s_{r0} = \frac{\emptyset}{4} \cdot \left( \frac{1}{\rho_{eff}} - 1 \right) = 92 \text{ mm}$$

$$s_r = s_{r0} (\lambda = 1)$$

$$\Delta\sigma_s = \frac{2 \cdot \tau_{b1} \cdot s_r}{\emptyset} = 18.4 \text{ MPa} < f_t - f_s = 40 \text{ MPa}$$



The reinforcement yields over the entire crack element when failure is reached (Regime 3).

$$x_{p1} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot A_{s.B} \cdot \left( f_t - f_s - \frac{2 \cdot \tau_{b1} \cdot s_r}{\emptyset} \right) \cdot z}{f_{wd}}} = 362 \text{ mm}$$

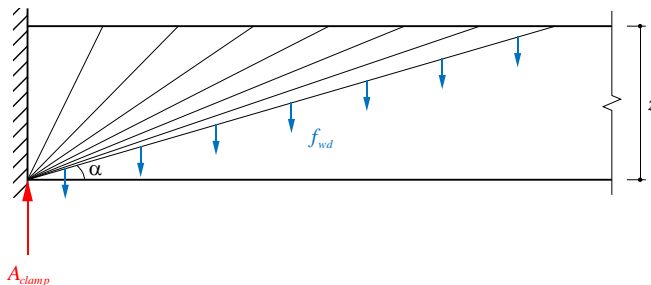
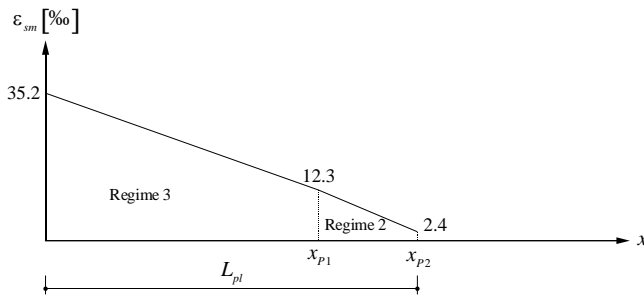
$$x_{p2} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot A_{s.B} \cdot (f_t - f_s) \cdot z}{f_{wd}}} = 493 \text{ mm} = L_{pl} < z \cdot \cot(\alpha) = 704 \text{ mm}$$

$$f_{wd} = \frac{V_{B.max}}{z \cdot \cot(\alpha)} = 284.1 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}$$

$$\varepsilon_{sm}(\sigma_{sr} = f_t) = \frac{f_s}{E_s} + \frac{f_t - f_s}{E_{sh}} - \frac{\tau_{b1} \cdot s_r}{E_{sh} \cdot \emptyset} = 35.2\text{‰}$$

$$\varepsilon_{sm}(\sigma_{sr} = f_s + \Delta\sigma_s) = \frac{f_s}{E_s} + \frac{\Delta\sigma_s}{E_{sh}} - \frac{\tau_{b1} \cdot s_r}{E_{sh} \cdot \emptyset} = 12.3\text{‰}$$

$$\varepsilon_{sm}(\sigma_{sr} = f_s) = \frac{f_s}{E_s} - \frac{\tau_{b0} \cdot s_r}{E_s \cdot \emptyset} = 2.4\text{‰}$$



The strain distribution of the reinforcement is assumed as linear within regime 2 and 3.

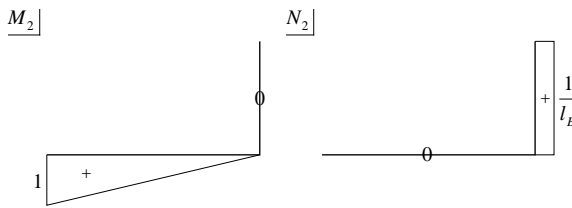
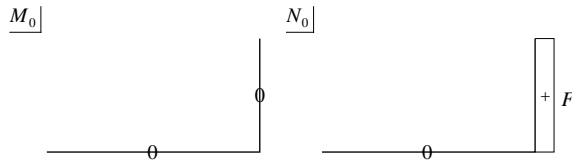
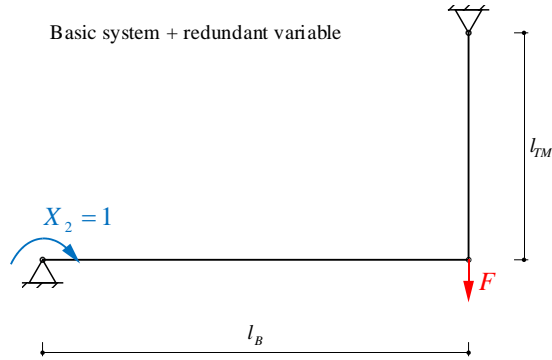
$$\varepsilon_{smu} = \frac{\frac{\varepsilon_{sm}(\sigma_{sr} = f_t) + \varepsilon_{sm}(\sigma_{sr} = f_s + \Delta\sigma_s)}{2} \cdot x_{p1} + \frac{\varepsilon_{sm}(\sigma_{sr} = f_s + \Delta\sigma_s) + \varepsilon_{sm}(\sigma_{sr} = f_s)}{2} \cdot (x_{p2} - x_{p1})}{x_{p2}} = 19.4\text{‰}$$

$$\varepsilon_{smy} = \varepsilon_{sm}(\sigma_{sr} = f_s) = 2.4\text{‰}$$

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<p> <math display="block">\Theta_{puc} = L_{pl} \cdot \left( \frac{\varepsilon_{cud}}{x} - \frac{\varepsilon_{smy}}{d-x} \right) = 2.61 \text{ mrad} &gt; \Theta_{dem} = 2.28 \text{ mrad} \rightarrow \text{OK} \quad (\text{concrete crushing})</math> </p> <p> <math display="block">\Theta_{pus} = L_{pl} \cdot \left( \frac{\varepsilon_{smu}}{d-x} - \frac{\varepsilon_{smy}}{d-x} \right) = 29.91 \text{ mrad} &gt; \Theta_{dem} = 2.28 \text{ mrad} \rightarrow \text{OK} \quad (\text{steel rupture})</math> </p> <p>The rotation capacity of the plastic hinge is satisfactory.</p> <p><i>Remark:</i> Rotation capacity simplified:</p> <p> <math display="block">\Theta_{puc} = d \cdot \left( \frac{\varepsilon_{cud}}{x} - \frac{\varepsilon_{smy}}{d-x} \right) = 2.64 \text{ mrad} &gt; \Theta_{dem} = 2.28 \text{ mrad} \rightarrow \text{OK} \quad (\text{concrete crushing})</math> </p> <p> <math display="block">\Theta_{pus} = d \cdot \left( \frac{0.5 \cdot \varepsilon_{ud}}{d-x} - \frac{\varepsilon_{smy}}{d-x} \right) = 35.93 \text{ mrad} &gt; \Theta_{dem} = 2.28 \text{ mrad} \rightarrow \text{OK} \quad (\text{steel rupture})</math> </p> <p>The rotation capacity determined with the simplified method is in good agreement with the more refined method considering concrete crushing. For the given geometry (rectangular cross-section and one clamped side) assuming <math>L_{pl} = d</math> is justified. The simplified approach overestimates the mean elongations at failure of the reinforcement. For situations with steel rupture being the governing failure mode, the more refined calculation method is recommended.</p>		

b) Verification of structure for load scenario 2

Elastic internal forces using force method:



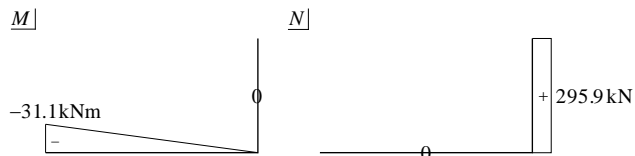
$$\delta_{20} = 1 \cdot F \cdot \frac{1}{l_B} \cdot \frac{l_{TM}}{EA^II}$$

$$\delta_{22} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot \frac{l_B}{EI^II} + 1 \cdot \frac{1}{l_B} \cdot \frac{1}{l_B} \cdot \frac{l_{TM}}{EA^II}$$

$$\delta_{20} + X_2 \cdot \delta_{22} = 0 \rightarrow X_2 = -\frac{\delta_{20}}{\delta_{22}} = -\frac{\frac{Fl_{TM}}{l_B EA^II}}{\frac{l_B}{3EI^II} + \frac{l_{TM}}{l_B^2 EA^II}}$$

$$M = M_0 + X_2 (F = Q_{d.2}) \cdot M_1$$

$$N = N_0 + X_2 (F = Q_{d.2}) \cdot N_1$$



$$M_{B.clamp} = -31.1 \text{ kNm} < M_{Rd}$$

$$N_{TM} = 295.9 \text{ kN} > N_{Rd} = 267.9 \text{ kN}$$

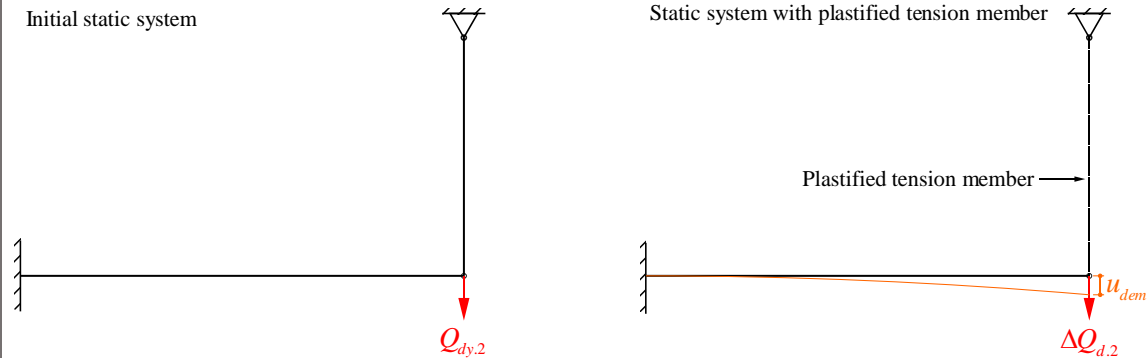
The normal force in the tension member exceeds the normal resistance. Reaching the normal resistance, the tension member plastifies and a cantilever beam remains as the static system, which has further load bearing capacity ( $M_{B.clamp} < M_{Rd}$ ). The deformation capacity of the tension member has to be compared with the deformation demand resulting from the system change.

$$Q_{dy,2} = Q_{d,2} \cdot \frac{N_{Rd}}{N_{TM}} = 271.6 \text{ kN}$$

$$\Delta Q_{d,2} = Q_{d,2} - Q_{dy,2} = 28.4 \text{ kN}$$

$Q_{dy,2}$  corresponds to the load at which the tension member yields and cannot take any more load.

$\Delta Q_{d,2}$  corresponds to the load that has to be carried by the cantilever beam alone.



Internal forces after redistribution:

$$N_{TM,red} = N_{Rd} = 267.9 \text{ kN} \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

$$M_{B,clamp,red} = X_2 (F = Q_{dy,2}) - \Delta Q_{d,2} \cdot l_B = -241.1 \text{ kNm} < M_{Rd} \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

$$V_{B,max} = Q_{d,2} - N_{TM,red} = 32.1 \text{ kN}$$

Verification shear force:

$$V_{B,max} = 32.1 \text{ kN} < \min(V_{Rd,s}, V_{Rd,c}) = 461.5 \text{ kN} \rightarrow \text{OK}$$

Deformation demand tension member:

$$u_{dem} = \frac{\Delta Q_{d,2} \cdot l_B^3}{3EI^I} = 64.3 \text{ mm}$$

Deformation capacity tension member:

$$\rho_{TM} = \frac{A_{s,TM}}{b_{TM} \cdot t_{TM}} = 1.37\%$$

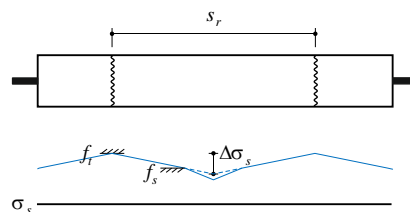
$$s_{r0} = \frac{\emptyset}{4} \cdot \left( \frac{1}{\rho_{TM}} - 1 \right) = 252 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{Stirrups } \emptyset 10 @ 150 \rightarrow s_r = 150 \text{ mm}$$

The stirrups weaken the concrete cross-section. Therefore, the cracks are likely to form next to the stirrups.

$$\lambda = \frac{s_r}{s_{r0}} = 0.6$$

$$\Delta \sigma_s = \frac{2 \cdot \tau_{b1} \cdot s_r}{\emptyset} = 55.7 \text{ MPa} > f_t - f_s = 40 \text{ MPa}$$



The reinforcement does not yield over the entire crack element when failure is reached (Regime 2).

$\emptyset = 14 \text{ mm}$



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$\varepsilon_{sm}(\sigma_{sr} = f_t) = \frac{(f_t - f_s)^2 \cdot \emptyset}{4 \cdot E_{sh} \cdot \tau_{b1} \cdot s_r} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{E_{sh} \cdot \tau_{b0}}{E_s \cdot \tau_{b1}}\right) + \frac{(f_t - f_s) \cdot \tau_{b0}}{E_s \cdot \tau_{b1}} + \left(\frac{f_s}{E_s} - \frac{\tau_{b0} \cdot s_r}{E_s \cdot \emptyset}\right) = 17.7\text{‰}$ $\varepsilon_{smy} = \frac{f_s}{E_s} - \frac{\tau_{b0} \cdot s_r}{E_s \cdot \emptyset} = 2.2\text{‰}$ $u_{pus} = (\varepsilon_{sm}(\sigma_{sr} = f_t) - \varepsilon_{smy}) \cdot l_{TM} = 62.1 \text{ mm} < u_{dem} = 64.3 \text{ mm} \rightarrow \text{not OK}$ <p>The deformation capacity of the tension member is not satisfactory. This shows that the expected increase in load is slightly too large and hence the deformation demand cannot be met.</p>		$\emptyset = 14 \text{ mm}$